

## **ASTHMA POLICY**

#### **PURPOSE**

To ensure that Eltham Primary School appropriately supports students diagnosed with asthma.

#### **OBJECTIVE**

To explain to Eltham Primary School parents/carers, staff and students the processes and procedures in place to support students diagnosed with asthma.

#### **SCOPE**

This policy applies to:

- all staff, including casual relief staff, contractors and volunteers
- all students who have been diagnosed with asthma or who may require emergency treatment for asthma and their parents/carers.

Asthma is a long term lung condition. People with asthma have sensitive airways in their lungs which react to triggers, causing a 'flare-up'. In a flare-up, the muscles around the airway squeeze tight, the airways swell and become narrow and there is more mucus. This makes it harder to breathe. An asthma flare-up can come on slowly (over hours, days or even weeks) or very quickly (over minutes). A sudden or severe asthma flare-up is sometimes called an asthma attack.

#### **Symptoms**

Symptoms of asthma can vary over time and often vary from person to person. The most common asthma symptoms are:

- breathlessness
- wheezing (a whistling noise from the chest)
- tight feeling in the chest
- persistent cough

Symptoms often occur at night, early in the morning or during/just after physical activity.

If asthma is well controlled, a person should only have occasional asthma symptoms. Triggers

A trigger is something that sets off or starts asthma symptoms. Everyone with asthma has different triggers. For most people with asthma, triggers are only a problem when asthma is not well controlled with medication.

#### Common asthma triggers include:

- exercise
- smoke (cigarette smoke, wood smoke from open fires, burn-offs or bushfires)
- house dust mites
- pollens
- chemicals such as household cleaning products
- food chemicals/additives
- laughter or emotions, such as stress
- colds/flu
- weather changes such as thunderstorms and cold, dry air
- moulds
- animals such as cats and dogs
- deodorants (including perfumes, after-shaves, hair spray and aerosol deodorant sprays)
- certain medications (including aspirin and anti-inflammatories)

#### **SCOPE**

Eltham Primary School will appropriately supports students diagnosed with asthma and provide information to parents/carers, staff and students of the processes and procedures in place at the school to support students diagnosed with asthma.

This policy applies to:

- all staff, including causal relief staff, contractors and volunteers
- all students who have been diagnosed with asthma or who may require emergency treatment for asthma and their parents/carers.

#### POLICY IMPLEMENTATION

#### Asthma management

If a student diagnosed with asthma enrols at Eltham Primary School:

1. Parents/carers must provide the school with an <u>Asthma Care Plan</u> which has been completed by the student's medical practitioner. The plan must outline:

- the prescribed medication taken by the student and when it is to be administered, for example as a pre-medication to exercise or on a regular basis
- emergency contact details
- the contact details of the student's medical practitioner
- the student's known triggers
- the emergency procedures to be taken in the event of an asthma flare-up or attack.
- 2. Parents/carers should also provide a photo of the student to be included as part of the student's Asthma Care Plan
- 3. Eltham Primary School will keep all Asthma Care Plans in the front office

- 4. School staff may also work with parents/carers to develop a Student Health Support Plan which will include details on:
  - how the school will provide support for the student
  - identify specific strategies
  - allocate staff to assist the student
- 5. If a student diagnosed with asthma is going to attend a school camp or excursion, Eltham Primary School parents/carers are required to provide any updated medical information.
- 6. If a student's asthma condition or treatment requirements change, parent/carers must notify the school and provide an updated Asthma Care Plan.
- 7. School staff will work with parents/carers to review Asthma Care Plans (and Student Health Support Plans) at least once a year e.g. at the beginning of the school year, and/or if students health plans change

#### Student asthma kit

All students diagnosed with asthma are required to have a student asthma kit at school which contains:

- their own prescribed reliever medication labelled with the student's name
- their spacer (if they use one)

Student asthma kits will be stored i.e. in the front office or in their classroom,

#### Asthma emergency response plan

If a student is:

- having an asthma attack
- difficulty breathing for an unknown cause, even if they are not known to have asthma

School staff will endeavour to follow the Asthma First Aid procedures outlined in the table below (See also Appendix 1). School staff may contact Triple Zero "000" at any time.

Ste	Action
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1.	Sit the person upright
	Be calm and reassuring
	Do not leave them alone
	Seek assistance from another staff member or reliable student to locate
	the student's reliever, the Asthma Emergency Kit and the student's
	Asthma Care Plan (if available).
	If the student's action plan is not immediately available, use the Asthma
	First Aid as described in Steps 2 to 5.

2.	Give 4 separate puffs of blue or blue/grey reliever puffer:				
	Shake the puffer				
	Use a spacer if you have one				
	Put 1 puff into the spacer				
	Take 4 breaths from the spacer				
	Remember – Shake, 1 puff, 4 breaths				
3.	Wait 4 minutes				
	• If there is no improvement, give 4 more separate puffs of blue/grey				
	reliever as above				
	(or give 1 more dose of Bricanyl or Symbiocort inhaler)				
4.	If there is still no improvement call Triple Zero "000" and ask for an				
	ambulance.				
	<ul> <li>Tell the operator the student is having an asthma attack</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Keep giving 4 separate puffs every 4 minutes until emergency assistance arrives</li> </ul>				
	• (or 1 dose of Bricanyl or Sybicort every 4 minutes – up to 3 doses of				
	Symbicort)				
5.	If asthma is relieved after administering Asthma First Aid, stop the				
	treatment and observe the student. Notify the student's emergency				
	contact person and record the incident				

Staff will call Triple Zero "000" immediately if:

- the person is not breathing
- if the person's asthma suddenly becomes worse or is not improving
- if the person is having an asthma attack and a reliever is not available
- if they are not sure if it is asthma
- if the person is known to have anaphylaxis

#### Training for staff -see Appendix 2

Eltham Primary School will also conduct an annual briefing for staff on:

- the procedures outlined in this policy
- the causes, symptoms and treatment of asthma
- identities of the students diagnosed with asthma (if applicable)
- how to use a puffer and spacer
- the location of:
- the Asthma Emergency Kits
- asthma medication which has been provided by parents for student use.

Eltham Primary School will also provide this policy to casual relief staff and volunteers who will be working with students, and may also provide a briefing if the principal decides it is

necessary depending on the nature of the work being performed.				

#### Asthma Emergency Kit

Eltham Primary School will provide and maintain at least two Asthma Emergency Kits. One kit will be kept on school premises in the first aid room and/or the front office and one will be a mobile kit for activities such as:

- yard duty
- camps and excursions.
- The Asthma Emergency Kit will contain:
- at least 1 blue or blue/grey reliever medication such as Airomir, Admol or Ventolin
- at least 2 spacer devices (for single person use only) to assist with effective inhalation of the blue or blue/grey reliever medication (Eltham PSPrimary School will ensure spare spacers are available as replacements). Spacers will be stored in a dust proof container.
- clear written instructions on Asthma First Aid, including:
- how to use the medication and spacer devices
- steps to be taken in treating an asthma attack
- A record sheet/log for recording the details of an asthma first aid incident, such as the number of puffs administered

A designated staff member will monitor and maintain the Asthma Emergency Kits. They will:

- ensure all contents are maintained and replaced where necessary
- regularly check the expiry date on the canisters of the blue or blue/grey reliever puffers and place them if they have expired or a low on doses
- replace spacers in the Kits after each use (spacers are single-person use only)
- dispose of any previously used spaces.

The blue or blue/grey reliever medication in the Asthma Emergency Kits may be used by more than one student as long as they are used with a spacer. If the devices come into contact with someone's mouth, they will not be used again and will be replaced.

After each use of a blue or blue/grey reliever (with a spacer):

- remove the metal canister from the puffer (do not wash the canister)
- wash the plastic casing
- rinse the mouthpiece through the top and bottom under running water for at least 30 seconds
- wash the mouthpiece cover
- air dry then reassemble
- test the puffer to make sure no water remains in it, then return to the Asthma Emergency Kit.

#### Management of confidential medical information

Confidential medical information provided to Eltham Primary School to support a student diagnosed with asthma will be:

• recorded on the student's file

• shared with all relevant staff so that they are able to properly support students diagnosed with asthma and respond appropriately if necessary.

#### Communication plan

This policy will be available on Eltham Primary School's website so that parents and other members of the school community can easily access information about the school's asthma management procedures.

#### **Epidemic Thunderstorm Asthma**

Eltham Primary School will be prepared to act on the warnings and advice from the Department of Education and Training when the risk of epidemic thunderstorm asthma is forecast as high.

#### FURTHER INFORMATION AND RESOURCES

#### **Related School Policies**

- First Aid Policy
- Administration of Medication Policy
- Anaphylaxis Management Policy
- Asthma Management Policy
- Duty of Care Policy
- Working with Children Policy
- Excursions and Camping Policy
- Child Safe Policy

#### Related DFT Resources

- Asthma Australia: Resources for schools
- Policy and Advisory Library:
  - o <u>Asthma</u>
  - o Treating an asthma attack

#### **REVIEW CYCLE**

THIS VERSION FIRST ISSUED	LAST UPDATED	STATUS	DUE FOR REVIEW
2015	2022	This policy will be reviewed annually or as necessary due to	2023

	changes in	
	regulations or	
	circumstances	

**APPENDIX 1** 

# **Asthma First Aid**

- Sit the person upright
  - Be calm and reassuring
  - Do not leave them alone



- Give 4 puffs of blue reliever puffer medication
  - Use a spacer if there is one
  - **Shake** puffer
  - Put 1 puff into spacer
  - Take **4 breaths** from spacer

Repeat until 4 puffs have been taken

Remember: Shake, 1 puff, 4 breaths



### **Wait 4 minutes**

— If there is no improvement, give 4 more puffs as above



- If there is still no improvement call emergency assistance (DIAL 000)\*
  - Say 'ambulance' and that someone is having an asthma attack
  - Keep giving 4 puffs every 4 minutes until emergency assistance arrives

\*If calling Triple Zero (000) does not work on your mobile phone, try 112



#### Call emergency assistance immediately (DIAL 000)

- If the person is not breathing
- If the person's asthma suddenly becomes worse, or is not improving
- If the person is having an asthma attack and a puffer is not available
- If you are not sure if it's asthma

Blue reliever medication is unlikely to harm, even if the person does not have asthma



To find out more contact your local Asthma Foundation 1800 645 130 | asthmaaustralia.org.au

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## Appendix 2

## Training for staff

Eltham Primary School will arrange the following asthma management training for staff:

Staff	Completed by	Course	Provider	Cost	Valid for
Group 1 General Staff	School staff with a direct teaching role with students affected by asthma or other school staff directed by the principal after conducting a risk assessment.	Asthma first aid management for education staff (non-accredited) One hour faceto-face or online training.	The Asthma Foundation of Victoria	Free to all schools	3 years
Group 2 Specific Staff	Staff working with high risk children with a history of severe asthma, or with direct student wellbeing responsibility, (including nurses, PE/sport teachers, first aid and school staff attending camp)	Course in Asthma Awareness 10760NAT OR Course in the management of Asthma Risks and Emergencies in the Workplace 22556VIC (accredited)	Any RTO that has this course in their scope of practice	Paid by the school	3 years